### ASIA Hybrid Platform

# Research on security boundary of active power distribution system with distributed energy storage

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### Introduction



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**Research field: Security of active distribution network** 

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### Introduction



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#### Introduction



#### **Distribution network** security area / boundary

- The rapid assessment of distribution network security
- **Observe the current state of the** power grid intuitively
- Take corrective measures in advance



**Two-way power** flow characteristics

Multi-space-time coupling



2

**High power** electronization





### **Research content**



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2





## O Security boundary mathematical model of traditional distribution network

$$\Omega_{\text{DSSR}} = \begin{cases} W_{\text{f}} & \left| F_{\text{i}} + \sum_{F_{\text{j}} \in BF(i), \text{j} \neq i} F_{\text{j}} \leq C_{BF(i)} \right| \\ F_{\text{i}} + \sum_{F_{\text{j}} \in BT(i), \text{j} \neq i} F_{\text{j}} + \sum_{F_{\text{k}} \in T_{\text{i}}, \text{k} \neq i} F_{\text{k}} \leq C_{BT(i)} \\ (\forall i=1,2,...,n) \end{cases}$$







# O Security boundary mathematical model considering distributed energy storage

$$\Omega_{\text{TQSR}} = \begin{cases}
W_{\text{p}} \\
W_{\text{p}} \\
St.A \begin{cases}
P_{\text{L},i}^{\min} \leq P_{\text{L},i} \leq P_{\text{L},i}^{\max} \\
-P_{\text{M},i}^{\min} \leq P_{\text{M},i} \leq 0 \\
V_{\text{p},i} \leq P_{\text{B},i} \leq P_{\text{p},i} \leq 0 \\
V_{\text{B},i} \leq P_{\text{B},i} \leq P_{\text{p},i} \leq C_{\text{B},i}, \forall i \in \mathbf{B} \\
V_{\text{T},i} \mid = \mid \sum_{j \in \wedge \mathbf{T},i} P_{j} \mid \leq C_{\text{T},i}, \forall i \in \mathbf{T} \\
V_{\text{p}} \quad \left\{ P_{\text{B},i(k)} \mid = \mid \sum_{j \in \wedge \mathbf{B},i(k)} P_{j} \mid \leq C_{\text{B},i}, \\
(\forall i \in \mathbf{B}, \quad \varphi_{k} \notin \mathbf{B}) \\
V_{\text{T},i(k)} \mid = \mid \sum_{j \in \wedge \mathbf{T},i(k)} P_{j} \mid \leq C_{\text{T},i}, \\
(\forall i \in \mathbf{T}, \quad \varphi_{k} \notin \mathbf{T}) \\
(\forall i = 1, 2, ..., \mathbf{n}) \quad \text{Qi Xiong}
\end{cases}$$

Based on the mathematical model of security boundary of traditional power distribution system, the influence of distributed energy storage on the security of power distribution system is considered.







### Comparison and analysis of boundary equations



Fig. 1. Example of traditional distribution network



Fig. 2. Example of active distribution network with energy storage

Basic parameters	Traditional distribution network	Active distribution network
Line capacity/MVA	1	1
Load power range/MVA	[0,0.8]	[0,1.5]
MG output range/MVA	-	[-0.4,0.2]





The security boundary equation of the examples

Scenario	Line	Traditional distribution network	Active distribution network
Normal operation constraint	B <sub>1</sub>	$P_{\rm L1} + P_{\rm L2} = 1$	$ P_{\rm M1} + P_{\rm L2}  = 1$
	B <sub>2</sub>	$P_{\rm L2} = 1$	$P_{L2} = 1$
	B <sub>4</sub>	$P_{L3} = 1$	$ P_{M3}  = 1$
	B <sub>5</sub>	$P_{L3} + P_{L4} = 1$	$ P_{\rm M3} + P_{\rm L4}  = 1$
N-1constraint (B <sub>1</sub> fault)	B <sub>2</sub>	$P_{\rm L1} = 1$	$ P_{\rm M1}  = 1$
	B <sub>3</sub>	$P_{\rm L2} + P_{\rm L1} = 1$	$ P_{\rm L2} + P_{\rm M1}  = 1$
	$B_4$	$P_{\rm L3} + P_{\rm L2} + P_{\rm L1} = 1$	$ P_{\rm M3} + P_{\rm L2} + P_{\rm M1}  = 1$
	B <sub>5</sub>	$P_{\rm L4} + P_{\rm L3} + P_{\rm L2} + P_{\rm L1} = 1$	$ P_{L4} + P_{M3} + P_{L2} + P_{M1}  = 1$
N-1constraint (B <sub>5</sub> fault)	B <sub>1</sub>	$P_{\rm L1} + P_{\rm L2} + P_{\rm L3} + P_{\rm L4} = 1$	$ P_{\rm M1} + P_{\rm L2} + P_{\rm M3} + P_{\rm L4}  = 1$
	B <sub>2</sub>	$P_{\rm L2} + P_{\rm L3} + P_{\rm L4} = 1$	$ P_{\rm L2} + P_{\rm M3} + P_{\rm L4}  = 1$
	B <sub>3</sub>	$P_{L3} + P_{L4} = 1$	$ P_{\rm M3} + P_{\rm L4}  = 1$
	$B_4$	$P_{\rm L4} = 1$	$P_{\rm L4} = 1$

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### **Simulation results**



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3







#### **O** Topological quadrant features of 2D images

Distribution network type	The X-axis observation node type	The Y-axis observation node type	Quadrant of the Image
Traditional distribution network	Load (outflow)	Load (outflow)	Quadrant I
Active distribution network	Load (outflow)	Load (outflow)	Quadrant I
	MG (in or out)	Load (outflow)	Quadrant I+II
	MG (in or out)	MG (in or out)	All quadrants
	Load (outflow)	MG (in or out)	Quadrant I+IV





### Conclusion



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4







This article **proposes a method** to solve the security boundary of **active power distribution system** of distributed energy storage access.



A reasonable **mathematical model and relevant constraints** are established, which **provides a theoretical basis** for future power distribution system security assessment and planning.

The feasibility and effectiveness of the method are verified by example simulation.



The influence of distributed energy storage on the security of distribution system is analyzed.





### THANKS FOR EVERYONE

